

Top-Ported Pressure Filter

PF40



Features and Benefits

- Top-ported pressure filter
- All steel housing offers unparalleled fatigue rating
- Available with non-bypass option with high collapse element
- Two bowl lengths provide optimal sizing for the application
- Offered in conventional sub-plate, SAE straight thread, and ISO 228 porting

50 gpm
190 L/min
4000 psi
275 bar

NF30
 NFS30
 YF30
 CFX30
 PLD
 CF40
 DF40
PF40
 RFS50
 RF60
 CF60
 CTF60
 VF60
 LW60

Model No. of filter in photograph is PF409HZ10.

Flow Rating:	Up to 50 gpm (190 L/min) for 150 SUS (32 cSt) fluids
Max. Operating Pressure:	4000 psi (275 bar)
Min. Yield Pressure:	12,000 psi (828 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1
Rated Fatigue Pressure:	2500 psi (173 bar), per NFPA T2.6.1-R1-2005
Temp. Range:	-20°F to 225°F (-29°C to 107°C)
Bypass Setting:	Cracking: 40 psi (2.8 bar) Full Flow: 75 psi (5.2 bar)
Porting Head:	Steel
Element Case:	Steel
Weight of PF40-5H:	21.8 lbs. (9.9 kg)
Weight of PF40-9H:	25.5 lbs. (11.6 kg)
Element Change Clearance:	3.25" (83 mm)

Filter Housing Specifications

Type Fluid	Appropriate Schroeder Media
Petroleum Based Fluids	All E Media (cellulose) and Z-Media® (synthetic)
High Water Content	All Z-Media® (synthetic)
Invert Emulsions	10 and 25 μ Z-Media® (synthetic)
Water Glycols	3, 5, 10 and 25 μ Z-Media® (synthetic)
Phosphate Esters	All Z-Media® (synthetic) with H (EPR) seal designation

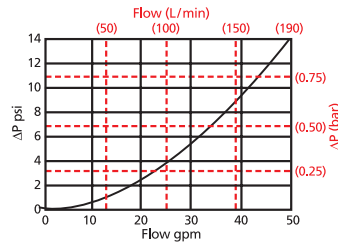
Fluid Compatibility

Top-Ported Pressure Filter

PF40

$\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$

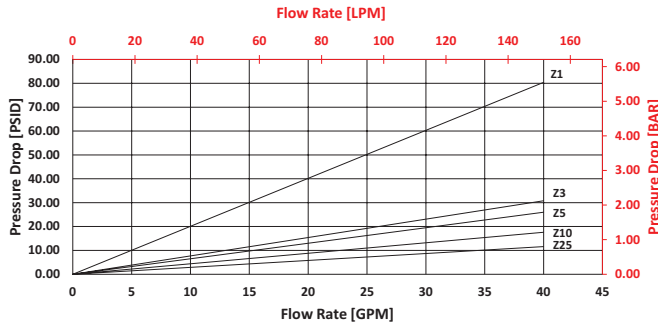
PF40 $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$ for fluids with sp gr (specific gravity) = 0.86:



$\Delta P_{\text{element}}$

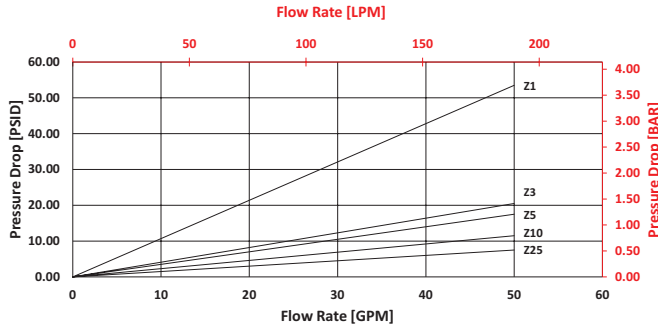
5HZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



9HZ

Element Pressure Drop versus Flow Rate at 32 cSt (150 SUS)



$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = \Delta P_{\text{housing}} + (\Delta P_{\text{element}} * \mathbf{V}_f)$$

Exercise:

Determine ΔP_{filter} at 20 gpm (75.7 L/min) for PF405HZ3SD5S using 160 SUS (34 cSt) fluid.

Use the housing pressure curve to determine $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$ at 20 gpm. In this case, $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$ is 2.5 psi (.17 bar) on the graph for the PF40 housing.

Use the element pressure curve to determine $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$ at 20 gpm. In this case, $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$ is 15 psi (1 bar) according to the graph for the 5HZ3 element.

Because the viscosity in this sample is 160 SUS (34 cSt), we determine the **Viscosity Factor (\mathbf{V}_f)** by dividing the **Operating Fluid Viscosity** with the **Standard Viscosity** of 150 SUS (32 cSt). To best determine your Operating Fluid Viscosity, please reference the chart in Appendix D.

Finally, the overall filter pressure differential, ΔP_{filter} , is calculated by adding $\Delta P_{\text{housing}}$ with the true element pressure differential, ($\Delta P_{\text{element}} * \mathbf{V}_f$). The $\Delta P_{\text{element}}$ from the graph has to be multiplied by the viscosity factor to get the true pressure differential across the element.

Solution:

$$\Delta P_{\text{housing}} = 2.5 \text{ psi } [.17 \text{ bar}] \quad | \quad \Delta P_{\text{element}} = 15 \text{ psi } [1 \text{ bar}]$$

$$\mathbf{V}_f = 160 \text{ SUS } (34 \text{ cSt}) / 150 \text{ SUS } (32 \text{ cSt}) = 1.1$$

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = 2.5 \text{ psi} + (15 \text{ psi} * 1.1) = 19 \text{ psi}$$

OR

$$\Delta P_{\text{filter}} = .17 \text{ bar} + (1 \text{ bar} * 1.1) = 1.3 \text{ bar}$$

Pressure Drop Information
Based on Flow Rate and Viscosity

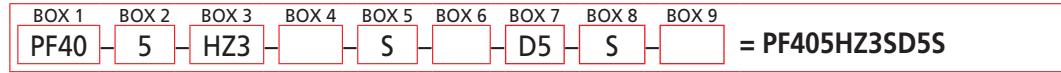
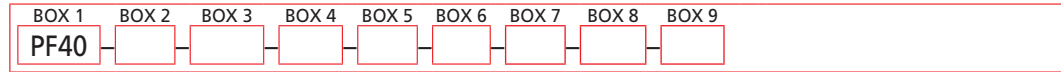
- NF30
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- YF30
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- PLD
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- DF40
- PF40**
- RFS50
- RF60
- CF60
- CTF60
- VF60
- LW60

Note:
If your element is not graphed, use the following equation:
 $\Delta P_{\text{element}} = \text{Flow Rate} \times \Delta P_f$ Plug this variable into the overall pressure drop equation.

Ele.	ΔP
5HZX3	1.17
5HZX10	0.50
5HZX25	0.27
9HZX3	0.62
9HZX10	0.26
9HZX25	0.14

Filter Model Number Selection

How to Build a Valid Model Number for a Schroeder PF40:



BOX 1	BOX 2	BOX 3
Filter Series	Element Length (in)	Element Part Number
PF40	5	HZ1 = H size 1 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic)
PFN40 (Non-bypassing; requires ZX high collapse elements)	9	HZ3 = H size 3 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic)
		HZ5 = H size 5 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic)
		HZ10 = H size 10 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic)
		HZ25 = H size 25 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (synthetic)
		HZX3 = H size 3 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (high collapse center tube)
		HZX10 = H size 10 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (high collapse center tube)
		HZX25 = H size 25 μ Excellement® Z-Media® (high collapse center tube)

BOX 4	BOX 5	BOX 6
Seal Material	Porting	Options
Omit = Buna N	O = Manifold Mounting (Contact factory)	Omit = None
H = EPR	S = SAE-16	L = Two ¼" NPTF inlet & outlet female test ports
V = Viton®	B = ISO 228 G-1"	U = Schroeder Check 7/16" -20 UNF test point installation in head (upstream)
H.5 = Skydrol® compatibility		

BOX 7	BOX 8
Dirt Alarm® Options	Dirt Alarm® Location
Omit = None	Omit = Top mounted
Visual D5 = Visual pop-up	S = Side mounted
Visual with Thermal Lockout D8 = Visual w/ thermal lockout	

BOX 9
Bowl Drain Options
Omit = None
DR = Drain 7/16" -20

NOTES:

Box 2. Replacement element part numbers are a combination of Boxes 2, 3 and 4. Example: 5HZ10V

Box 4. For options H, V, and H.5, all aluminum parts are anodized. H.5 seal designation includes the following: EPR seals, stainless steel wire mesh on elements, and light oil coating on housing exterior. Viton® is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers. Skydrol® is a registered trademark of Solutia Inc.

Box 5. B porting option supplied with metric mounting holes.